

The Big Lie(s)

- Lose your insurance
- Massive increase in cost
- Take away “choice”
- Politically impossible; can’t be done
- Gradual incremental steps better/only way to go
- Government take-over of health care
- Single payer bad for unionists, small businesses
- Can “tame” private insurers via market, regulation
- Medicare for all is Socialism

Flashback: Republicans Opposed Medicare In 1960s By Warning Of Rationing, ‘Socialized Medicine’

Igor Volsky



Ronald Reagan: “[I]f you don’t [stop Medicare] and I don’t do it, one of these days you and I are going to spend our sunset years telling our children and our children’s children what it once was like in America when men were free.” [1961]

Iowa: Voters Ready for Single Payer

Politics

Impeachment

White House

Congress

Election 2020

Polling

The Trailer

Fact Checker

The Fix

Politics

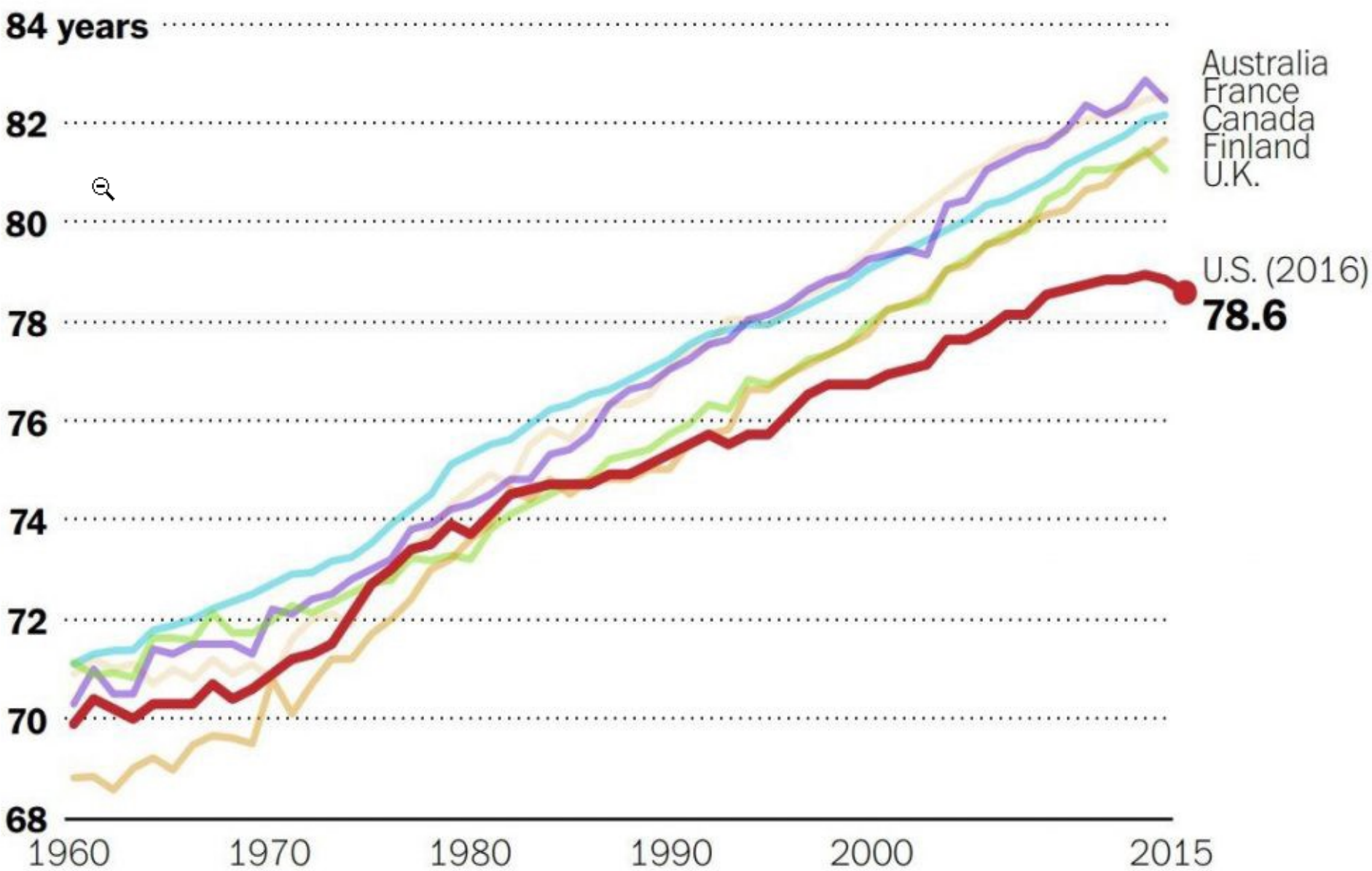
Most Iowa Democratic caucus-goers support a single-payer health-care plan



- 6/10 Candidate favor single payer
- Exit polls 57% support favor single payer
 - Only 38% oppose eliminating private health insurance

American exceptionalism

Life expectancy at birth, selected OECD countries



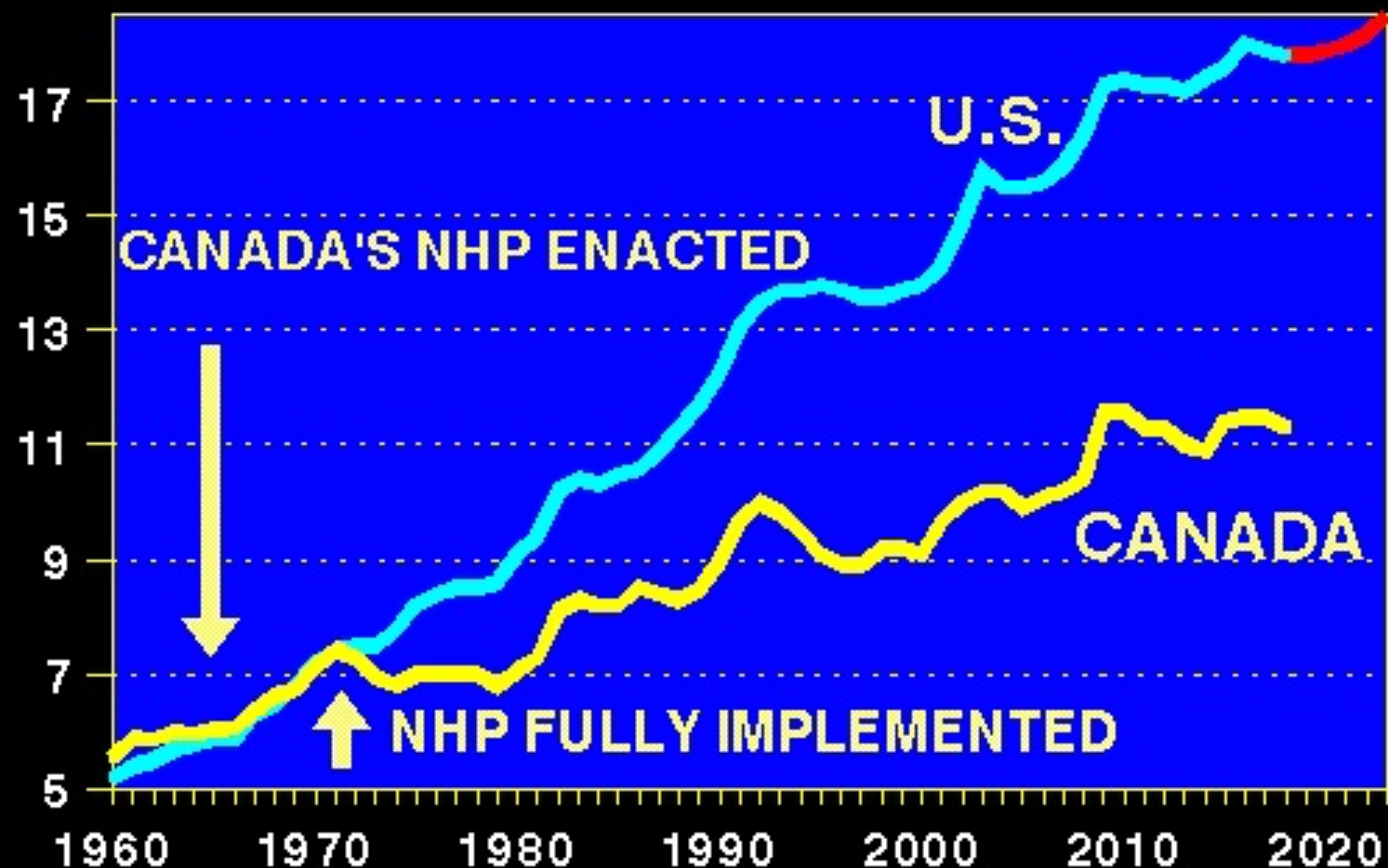
38,882 Deaths During 2019 Due to Uninsurance

State	% Uninsured	Excess Deaths
Texas	18.1	6,731
California	8.1	4,143
Florida	14.5	3,999
Georgia	14.6	1,989
Noth Carolina	10.7	1,447
New York	5.5	1,397
U.S.	9.1%	38,882

Source: Woolhandler & Himmelstein, Ann Int Med 2017;167:424

Based on best estimate from multiple studies of 1 death per 769 uninsured/year, and # uninsured at time of survey

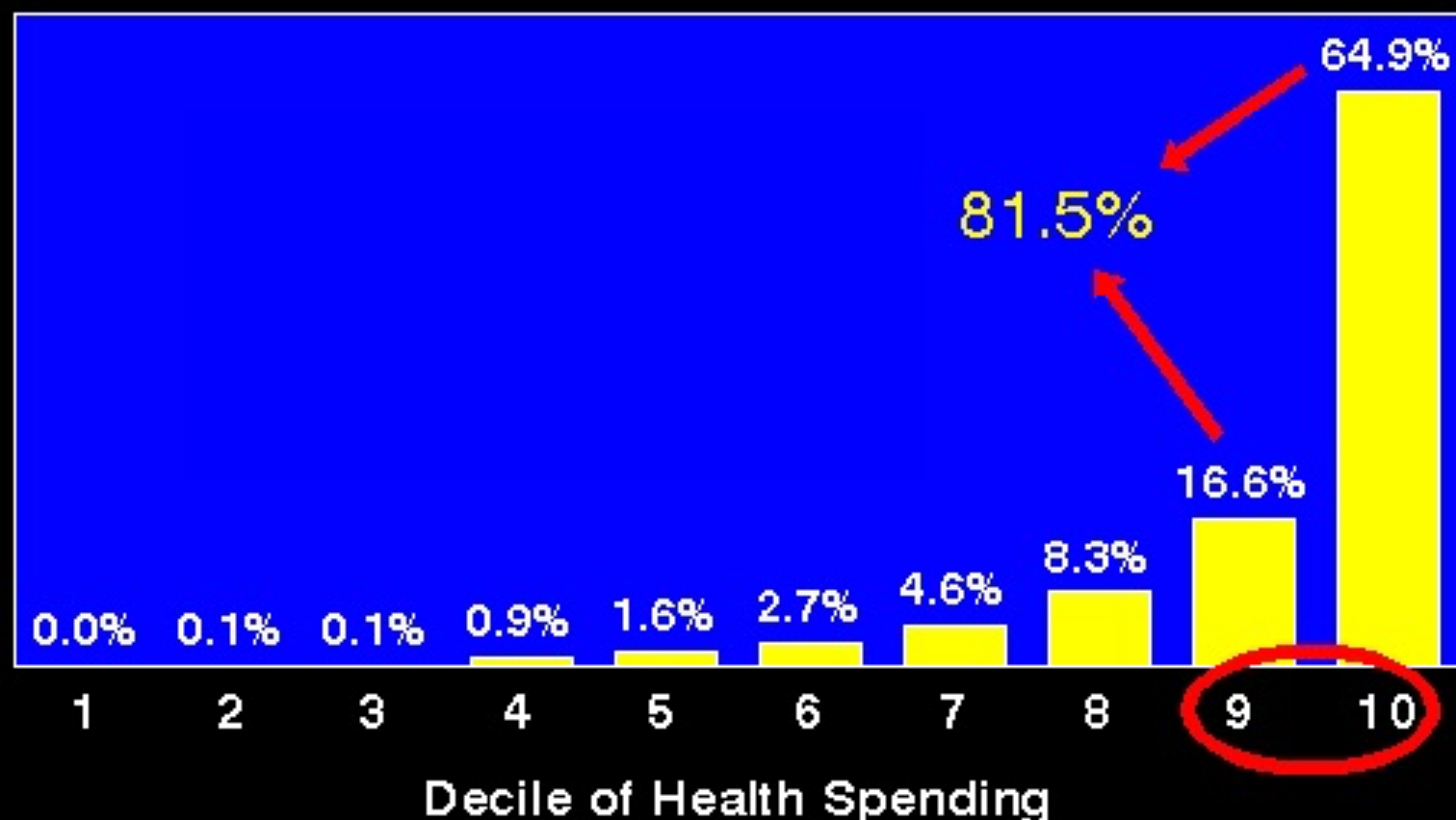
Health Costs as % of GDP: U.S. & Canada, 1960-2023



A Few Sick People Account for Most Health \$s

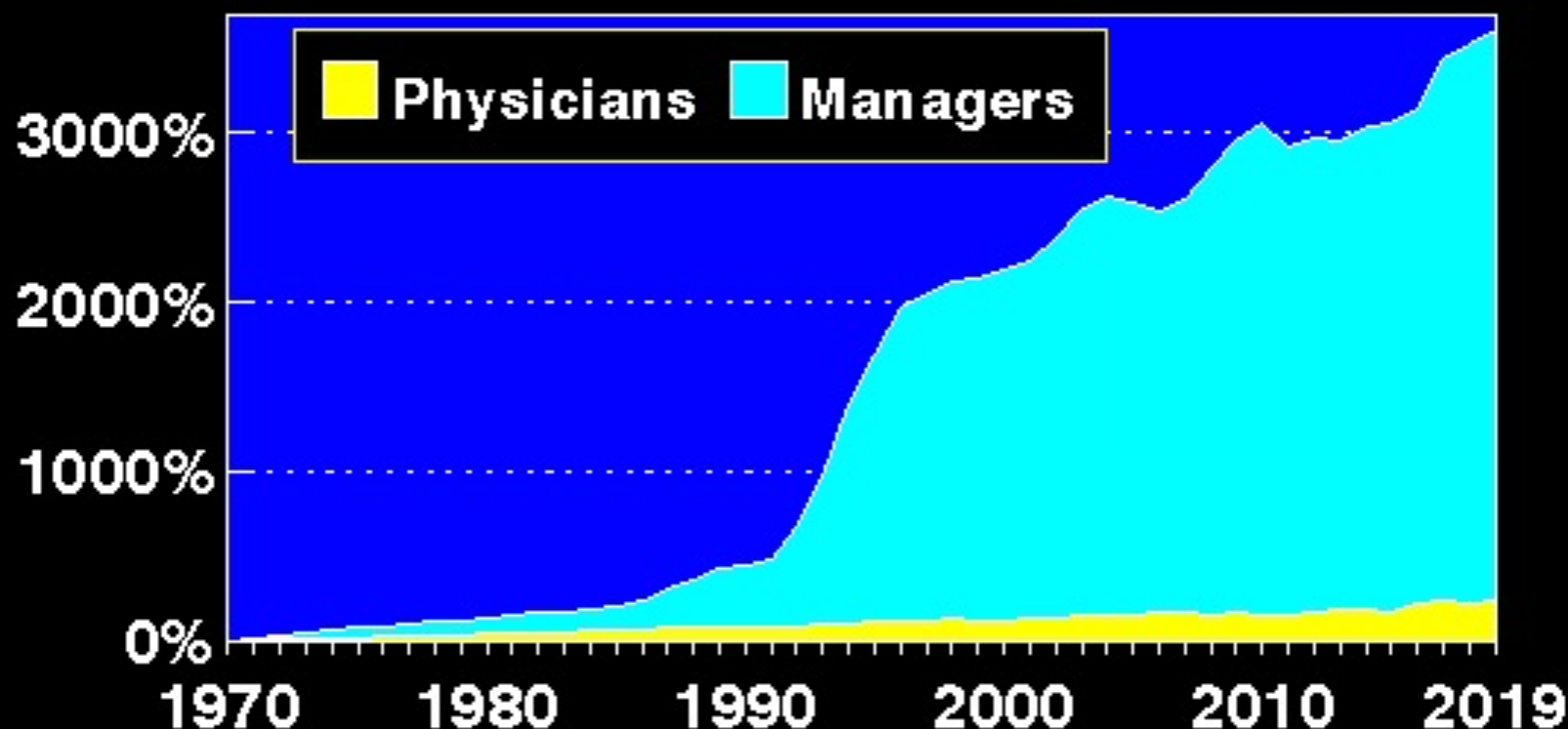
Percent of Total Spending for Each Decile Among Non-Institutionalized Americans

% of total health spending accounted for by decile



Growth of Physicians and Administrators 1970-2019

Growth Since 1970



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics; NCHS; and Himmelstein/Woolhandler analysis of CPS
Note - Managers shown as moving average of current year and 2 previous years

All Goes AwayToo Disruptive??

- Out of network restrictions; “surprise billing”
- Pre-existing conditions
- Limited enrollment periods
- Income means testing
- Lose job, lose insurance
- Turn 27, “
- Get divorced, “
- Deductibles, co-pays, coinsurance

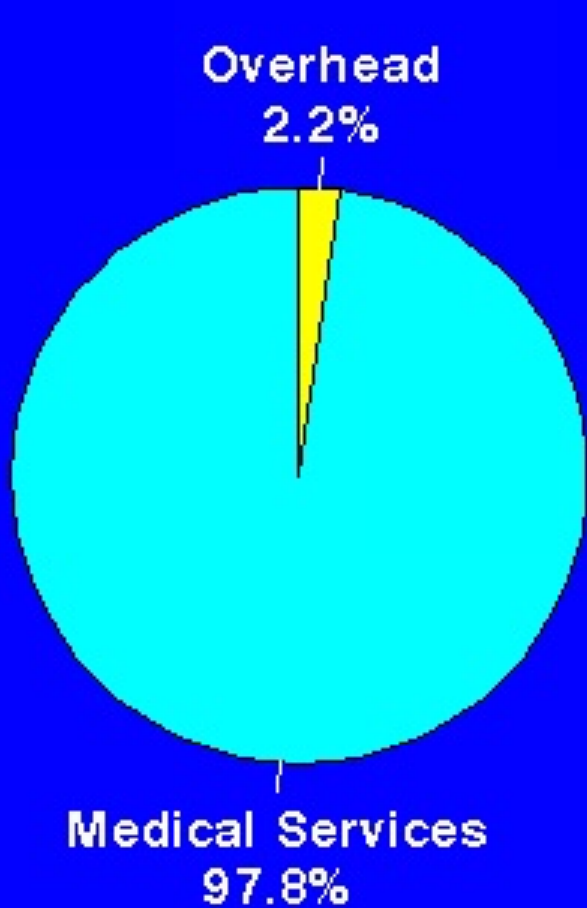
All Disappears under Single Payer

- Health insurance Marketplaces/Exchanges
- Special Enrollment Period (SEP) in the Marketplaces and new special enrollment pre-enrollment verification (SEPV) process
- Metal Tiers: Bronze, Silver, Gold, Platinum plans
- Children's Health Insurance (CHIP) program
- The Transitional Reinsurance Program - Reinsurance Contributions
- Reinsurance, Risk Corridors and Risk Adjustment
- Pre-existing Condition Insurance Plan (PCIP)

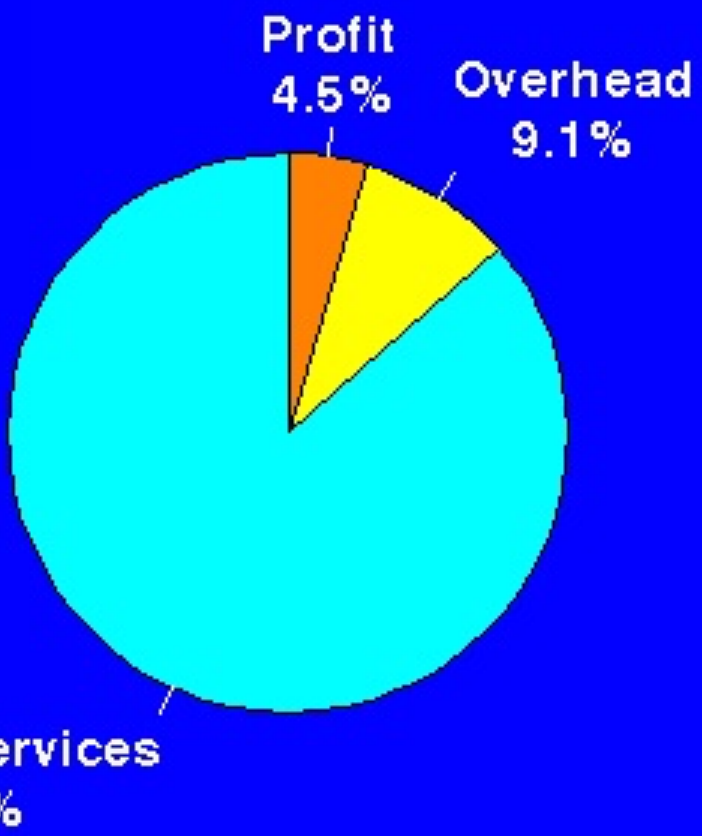
All Disappears under Single Payer

- Premium Stabilization Program
- End of Benefit Year Risk readjustment
- Cost-Sharing Reduction Component of Advance Payments
- The Transitional Reinsurance Program
- Consumer Operated and Oriented Plan (CO-OP) Program
- FFM- Federally facilitated marketplace agents/brokers; regulations needed to keep in line

Medicare Advantage Plans' High Overhead



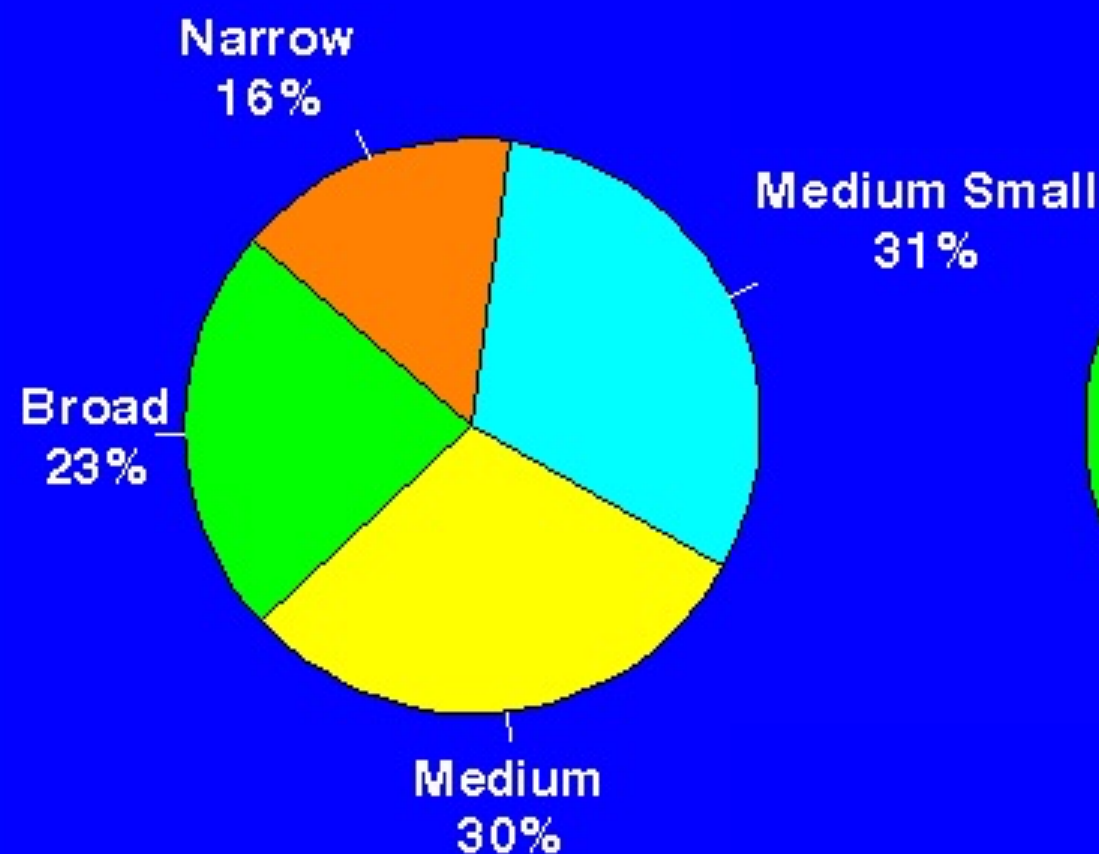
Traditional Medicare



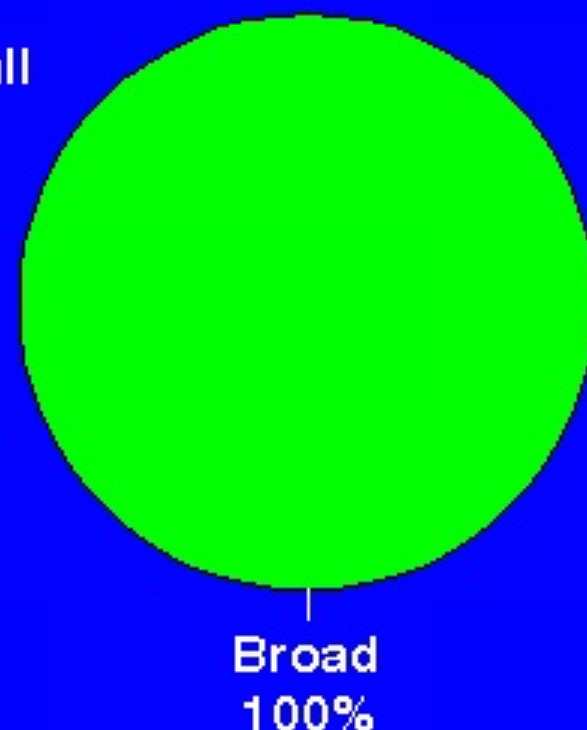
Medicare Advantage Plans

Source: GAO 12/2013 and Medicare Trustees report 2012 - Figures are for 2011
Note: MA overhead = \$905/enrollee; profit = \$447/enrollee; total profit = \$3.3 billion

Medicare Advantage Plans' Narrow Networks



Medicare Advantage



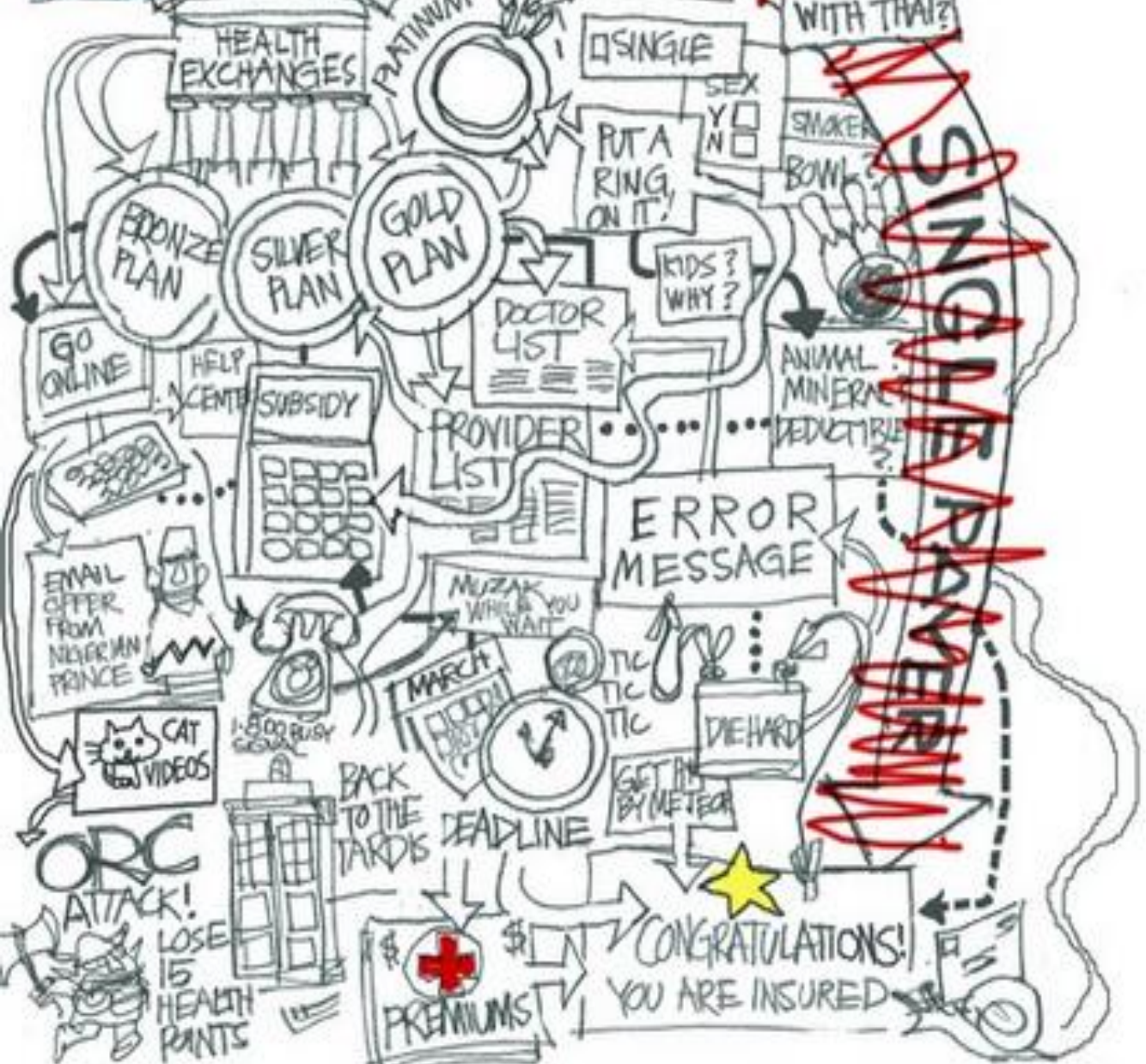
Medicare

Source: Kaiser Family Foundation June, 2016

Note: Narrow = <30% of hospitals; Medium small = 20-49%; Medium = 50-69%; Broad = >69%

Note: >1/3 of all plans lack an NCI cancer ctr.; 49% of narrow networks exclude academic med centers

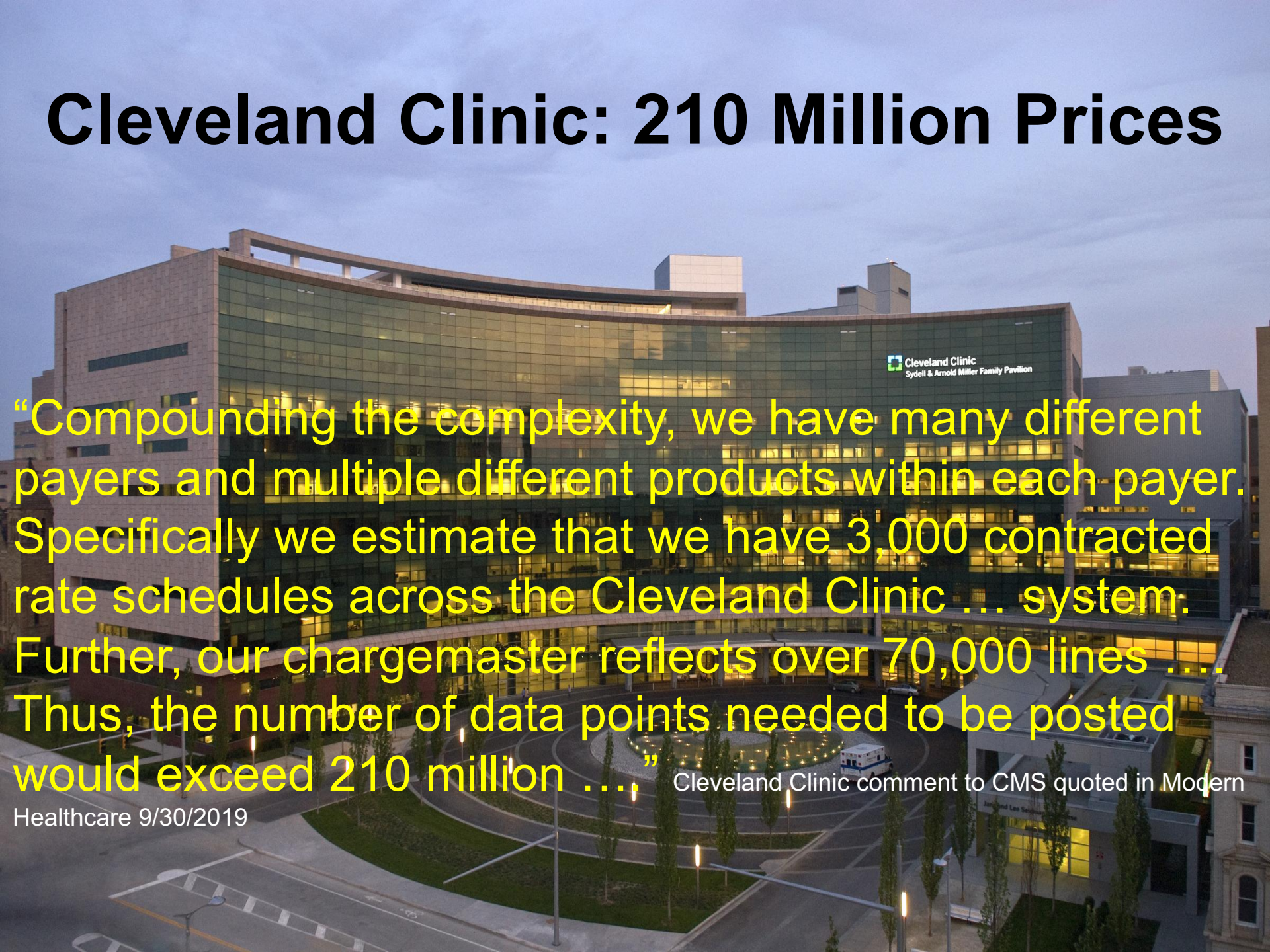
OBAMACARE



THE SIMPLE **GOP** PLAN FOR THE UNINSURED



Cleveland Clinic: 210 Million Prices

An aerial photograph of the Cleveland Clinic Sydell & Arnold Miller Family Pavilion at dusk. The building is a large, modern structure with a curved glass facade that reflects the sky. The interior lights are on, and the building is surrounded by a landscaped area with trees and a circular driveway. A sign on the building reads "Cleveland Clinic Sydell & Arnold Miller Family Pavilion".

“Compounding the complexity, we have many different payers and multiple different products within each payer. Specifically we estimate that we have 3,000 contracted rate schedules across the Cleveland Clinic ... system. Further, our chargemaster reflects over 70,000 lines Thus, the number of data points needed to be posted would exceed 210 million”

Cleveland Clinic comment to CMS quoted in Modern

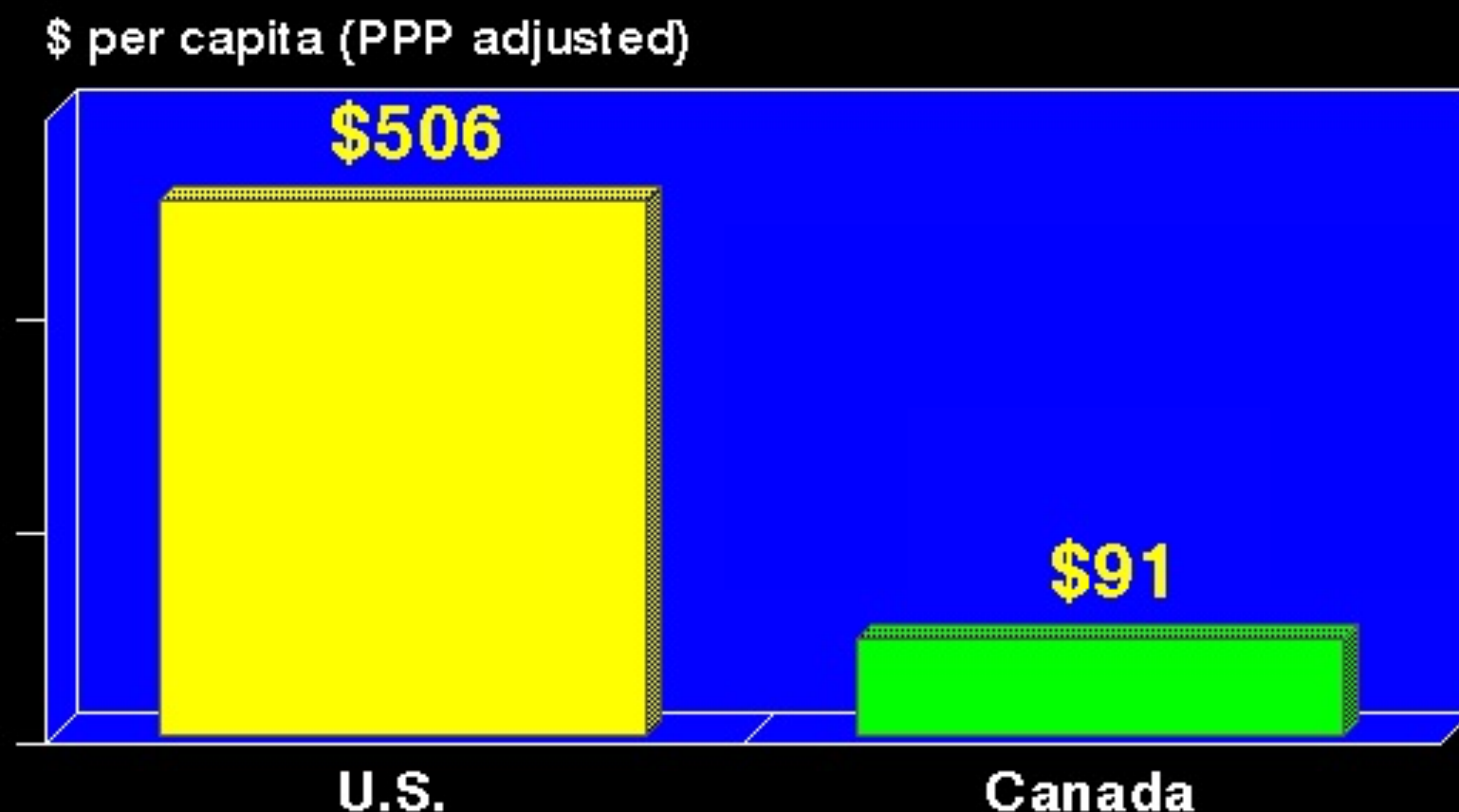
Healthcare 9/30/2019

An aerial photograph of the Duke Medical Center, showing a large, multi-story beige building complex with a prominent glass-enclosed tower on the left. The building is surrounded by a parking lot with several cars and a landscaped area with trees showing autumn foliage. The sky is blue with scattered white clouds. Overlaid on the image in large, bold, yellow text is the text: ".Duke Medical Center: 957 beds, 1 600 billing clerks".

.Duke Medical
Center: 957 beds,
1 600 billing clerks

Source: JAMA 2018;319:691

Physicians' Billing-Related Expenses United States & Canada, 2019



Source: Woolhandler/Campbell/Himmelstein NEJM 2003;349:768 (updated)

Note: Excludes dentists and other non-physician, office-based practitioners

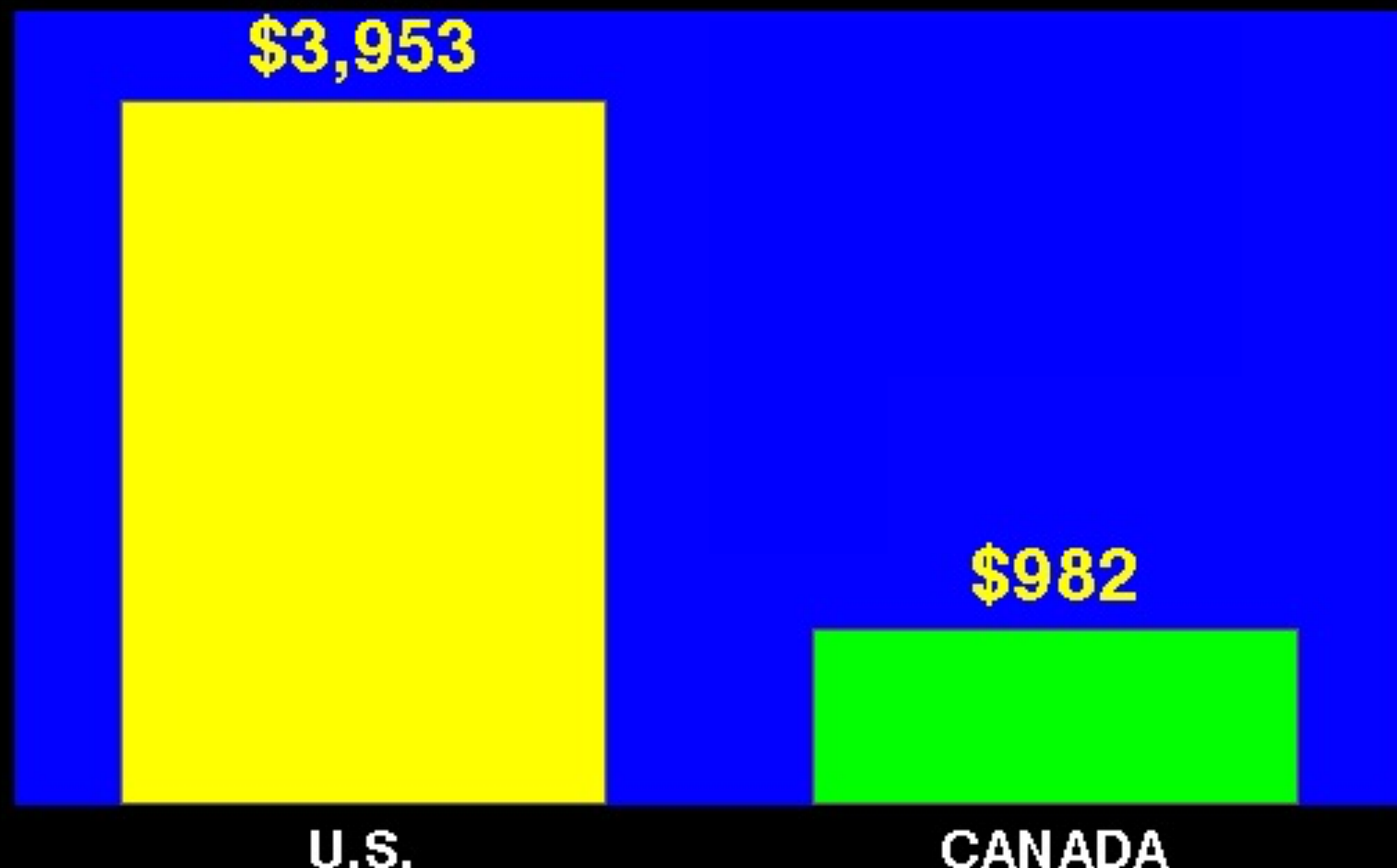
Note: Excludes non-billing-related costs for documentation compliance etc.



• Duke's costs to send
bills for one PCP:
\$99,000 annually

Source: JAMA 2018;319:691

Overall Administrative Costs Per Capita United States & Canada, 2019



Source: Woolhandler et al NEJM 2003; 349:768 (updated); Himmelstein et al Health Aff 9/2014

National Health Insurance

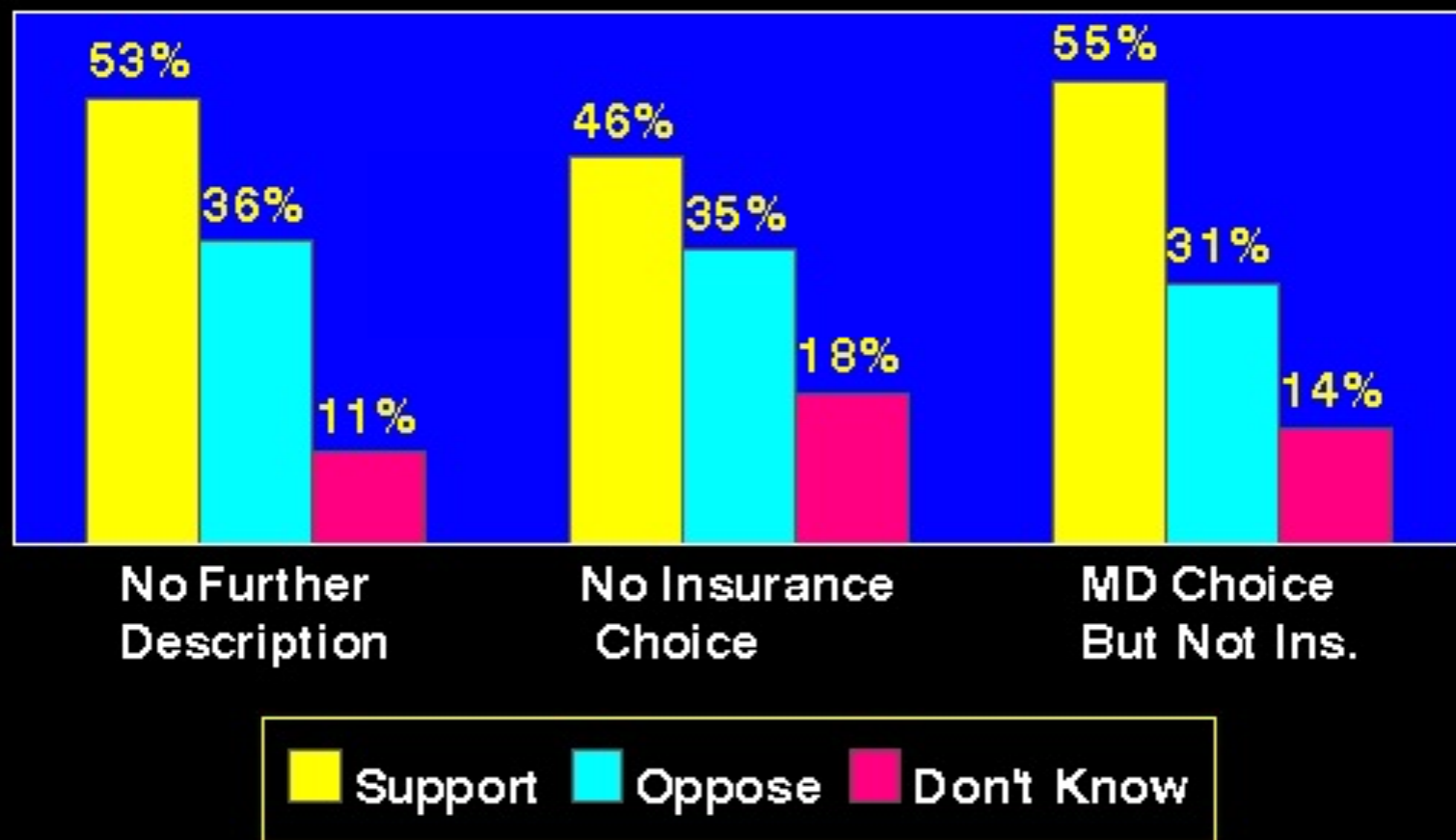
- Universal - covers everyone
- Comprehensive - all needed care, no co-pays
- Single, public payer - simplified reimbursement
- No investor-owned HMOs, hospitals, etc.
- Improved health planning
- Public accountability for quality and cost, but minimal bureaucracy

Public Option = High Costs

- Less savings than single payer on insurers' overhead
- Multiple payers = no savings on doctor/hospital billing and administration.
- Private insurers will tilt the playing field (as under Medicare Advantage) raising system-wide costs and perpetuating network restrictions, cherry-picking, lemon dropping etc.
- Higher system-wide costs (compared to single payer) assure political pressure for benefit cuts.

Most Favor Phasing Out Private Plans if They Can Keep Their Doctor/Hospital

Percent supporting Medicare for All with . . .

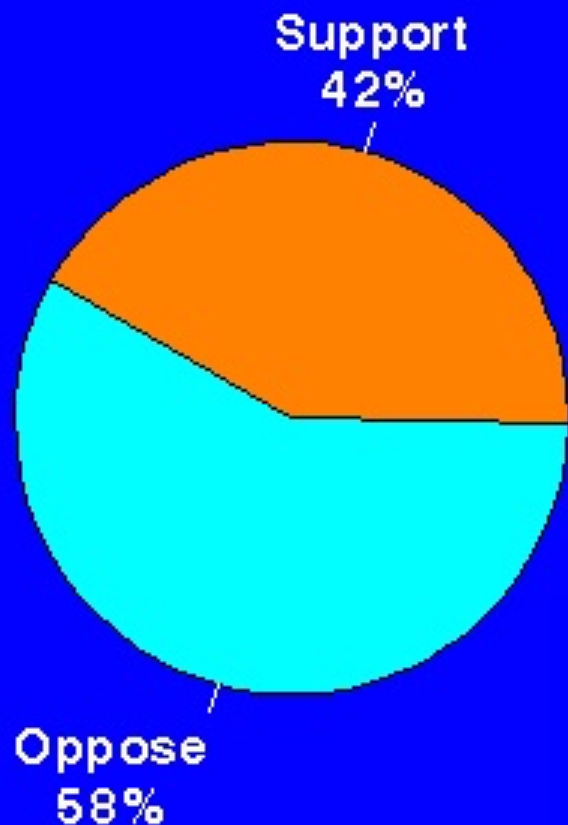


Source: Morning Consult July, 2019

Note: Question asked about choice of doctor AND hospital

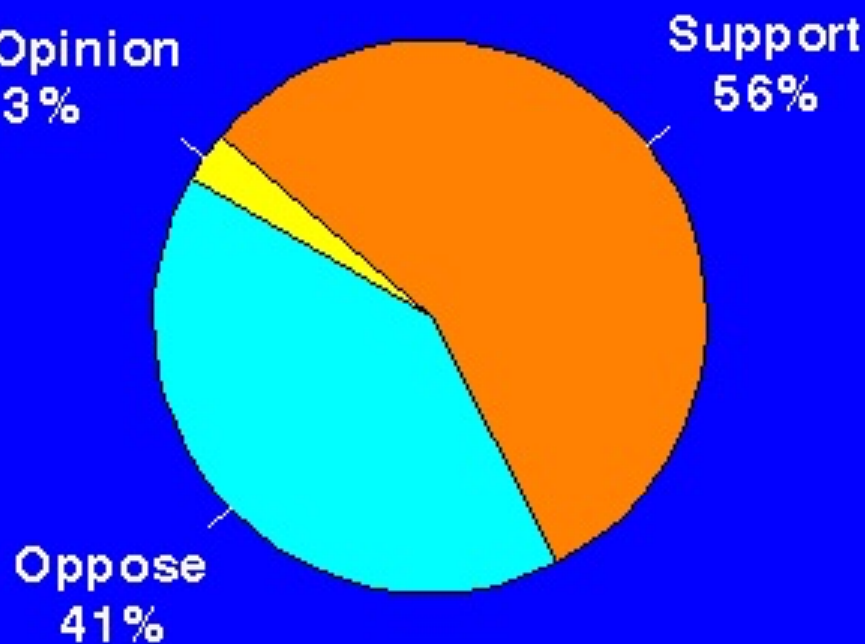
Most Doctors Favor Single Payer

Support Has Sharply Increased



2008

No Opinion
3%



2017

Shared Support/Desires/Needs I

- Universal –Cover Everybody
 - Health insurance to cover basics, when the get seriously ill.
- Should be adequate to cover; no underinsurance
 - Avoid copays, coinsurance, deductibles
- Shouldn't be based on job; age, marriage status,
- Not discriminate against people w/pre-existing condx
 - Rescissions
- Affordable
 - Currently- most costly wasteful system in the world
- Financing should be fair,
 - Those who can't afford should be helped.
Rich people who can pay more should pay fair share.

Shared Support/Desires/Needs II

- Shouldn't be ripped off,
 - Not corrupt; taken advantage of because sick, ignorant/overwhelmed by complexity, fear.
Everyone can make a fair profit, but extortion pricing,
- Shouldn't be wasteful
 - Too few dollars to squander on administrative waste
- Simple, user friendly
 - Shouldn't be a hassle; to enroll, use benefits,
- Stable over time; not a political football
- Doctors/services should be accessible.
- Continuity of care
- Choose own doctor

Shared Support/Desires/Needs III

- Should be about things that work,
 - Have been demonstrated to work
- Should be as error free and harm free as possible.
- Should be accountable, open, learning, working to prevent in future mistake.
- Should treat people in a dignified way
 - Listen, respectful, not make wait, rushed, stigmatize.
- Information privacy, confidentiality should be protected, respected.
- People work in system shouldn't feel burned out
 - Not over stressed, angry, rushed, hassled
Should feel supported, enjoy their work,
Helping and advocating for patients. should be allies of patients

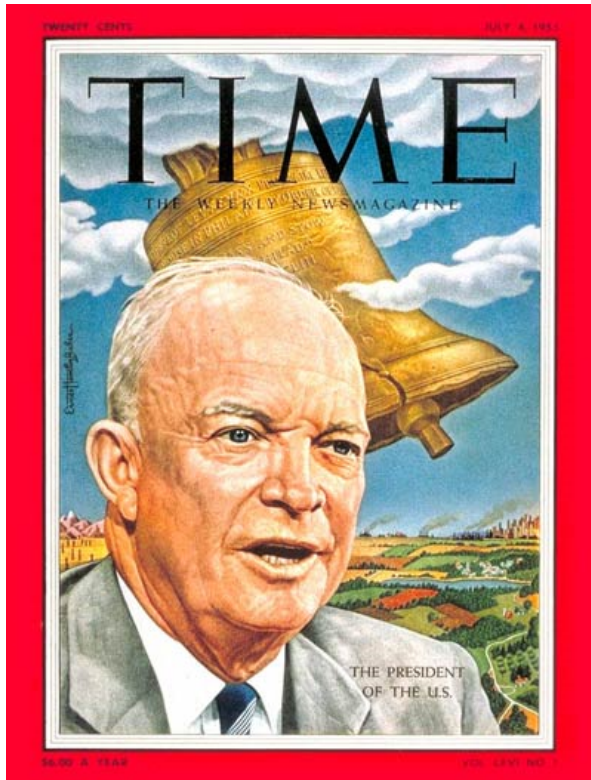
THE LANCET

Volume 380 · Number 9845 · Pages 859-948 · September 8-14, 2012

www.thelancet.com

"The 25 wealthiest nations all now have some form of universal coverage (apart from the USA, where political opposition remains strong)... According to WHO Director-General Margaret Chan, universal health coverage 'is the single most powerful concept that public health has to offer'."

See [Comment](#) page 861



“Whenever I run into a problem I can’t solve, I always make it bigger. I can never solve it by trying to make it smaller, but if I make it big enough I can begin to see the outlines of a solution .”

—Dwight D. Eisenhower